



Clinical Leadership Committee

9/27/2024

Agenda:

- Welcome and Introductions (Carla Demeterco-Berggren, MD, PhD and Francesco Vendrame, MD, PhD)
- Member Website questions
 - Grace Nelson, MD
 - Allison Smego, MD
- TIDX-QI Learning Session Agenda
 - Review Agenda
- ADEPT
 - Review Agenda
- 2024 Annual Center Survey
- Clinical Perspectives for the Committee
 - Review of 2025 Measures and KDD



Member Website Questions

Question:

What platform(s) are people using for device downloads these days. Do they integrate to EMR? With all the cloud based services for pumps the need for these are fewer, but not 0 at this time. Also if it pulls into EMR that would be cool.

Name: Grace Nelson, MD

Question:

We are curious if other institutions are using concentrated insulin in insulin pumps. And if so, do you have an resources for the team/patients/families to minimize the risk for dosing errors.

Name: Allison Smego, MD



November Learning Session Agenda

NOV 11 th		
7:00 - 8:00 AM 8:00 - 8:10 AM	Breakfast Welcome and Logistics and thank you, Nicole Rioles, MA	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
8:10-8:40 AM	Introduction and Welcome by Chicago, IL PIs Clinical Leadership Co-Chairs (Francesco Vendrame, MD, PhD and Carla Demeterco-Berggren, MD, PhD) Grazia Aleppo, MD Naomi Fogel, MD and Laura Levin, DO Diabetes Care in Chicago	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
8:40-8:55 AM	Opening Remarks from T1D Exchange Dave Walton, MBA	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
9:00-9:20 AM	State of the Collaborative Osagie Ebekozien, MD, MPH, CPHQ	5th FI Chicago Ballroom
9:20-10:05 AM	Keynote, Louis Philipson, MD, PhD, University of Chicago Early-Stage Diabetes Diagnosis and Treatment	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
10:05-10:50	Leading Sustainable Improvements: Being a Leader in your team Moderated by: Manmohan Kamboj	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom

10:50-11:05 PM	Break	
	Breakout 1	
11:10 – 12:30 PM		
12:30-1:30 PM	Lunch and People with Diabetes Perspectives Facilitated by: Jeniece Ilkowitz and Emily Coppedge Lakeesha McDonald-Kee Kobe Kee Sydnee McDonald	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
1:30-2:20	Poster Sessions and Networking	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
2:30-3:50 PM	Breakout 2	
4:00 – 4:45 PM	Panel Discussion Embracing IT, EHR and Data Integration	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
4:45-5:10 PM	Updates from <u>MannKind</u> Grazia Aleppo, MD	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom
5:10-5:15	Closeout Nicole Rioles, MA	5 th FI Chicago Ballroom

Breakout 1 11:10-12:30PM

Diabetes Distress

Moderated by

Pediatrics

Jill Weissberg-Benchell, PhD, CDCES

Adult

Ryan Tweet, PSyD

Plenary (Ballroom)

Implementing Successful Programs

Moderated by Sarah Lyons

Room 1 (A-C)

Moving on Up: Employing a Mobile Care Center to Enhance Access to Care for Youth with Type 1 Diabetes: Gajanthan Muthuvel

Design and Launch of First Pediatric Specialty Value Based Program for T1D Patients:

Luke Harris

Implementation of Type 1
Diabetes Transition Clinic
and Visit Checklist: Jordan
Ross

Implementing High-Risk
Programs at Four Pediatric
Endocrinology Clinics in the
T1D Exchange QI
Collaborative: Ori Odugbesan

Diabetes Devices

Moderated by: Ryan McDonough

Room 2 (F-H)

Increasing continuous
glucose monitoring (CGM)
utilization in pediatric type 1
diabetes (T1D) patients with
hemoglobin A1c values ≥
8.5%: Patrick Hanley

Standardizing Insulin Pump Back-Up Plans: Improving Documentation and Patient Confidence Through Quality Improvement: Kai Jones

Optimizing Automated
Insulin Delivery System use
in Youth with Recent Onset
T1D: Mili Vakharia

Improving Continuous
Glucose Monitors
Prescribing Behaviors in
Primary Care: Jovan
Milosavljevic

Reducing Disparities and Promoting Equitable Care

Moderated by: Nirali Shah

Room 3 (Denver-KC)

BRIDGE (Barrier Reduction in Insulin Delivery for Greater Equity) Project: Increasing Insulin Pump Use in Youth with Type 1 Diabetes with a Language of Care Other than English: Samantha Goldklang

Reducing Disparities in
Continuous Glucose Monitor
Adoption and Use Among
Children and Adolescents
with Type 1 Diabetes: Ashley
Garrity

CDCES Clinical Workflows
Can Address Challenges and
Barriers to Equitable Care in
New Onset T1D: Jeanine
Leverenz

ConnecT1D Data
Visualization: Informing
Interventions and Equitable
Improvement in Outcomes for
Type 1 Diabetes (T1D)
Patients: Amanda Howell

Age Related Diabetes
Milestone

Moderated by: Elizabeth Mann

Room 4 (LA-Scottsdale)

Ongoing Efforts for Increasing Retinopathy Screening at a Pediatric Diabetes Center: Jeniece Ilkowitz

Age-appropriate Selfmanagement of Type 1 Diabetes: Claire Moore

Diabetes Autonomy
Milestones: Educator and
Family Expectations: Jessica
Schmitt

Improving Microalbuminuria
Screening Rates Among
Pediatric Diabetes Patients: A
Clinic-Wide Initiative: Sarah
Lydia Holly

Breakout 2 2:30-3:50PM

Insights on New Education Tools

Moderated by: Todd Alonso

Plenary (Ballroom)

Standardizing
Inpatient Nursing
Diabetes Education:
Elizabeth Gunckle

New QI Tools and Methods: Don Buckingham

T1DX-QI Screening and Monitoring Efforts: Emma Ospelt

Best Practice
Advisory Insights:
Trevon Wright

SDOH and Depression Screening

Moderated by: Roberto Izquierdo

Room 1 (A-C)

Increasing Screening for Social Drivers of Health in Pediatric Diabetes: Barbara Liepman

Full-Scale Launch of Eating
Disorder Screening at a Large
Pediatric Diabetes Clinic:
Claire Zimmerman

Improving Depression
Screening Rates among
Adolescents with Type 1
Diabetes using Limited
Clinical Resources: Samantha

Jimenez

Addressing Disparities in
Diabetes Care: Implementing
SDOH Screening at
Diagnosis: Sarah Lydia Holly

Transitions of Care

Moderated by: Stephanie

Crossen

Room 2 (F-H)

Y'all READDY for This?: Embedding Transition Readiness Screening Across Sites in a Pediatric Diabetes Practice: Andrew Lavik

STRIDE Project: Supporting Transition Readiness in Diabetes Education: Sarah Rosenheck

Transition of Care of T1D

Pediatric Population to Adult

Services: Angela Mojica

Assessing Readiness to
Transition to Adult Care
among Young Adults with
T1D: Jody Beth Grundman

Type 2 Diabetes

Moderated by Francesco Vendrame

Room 3 (Denver-KC)

Improving Prescribing
Rates of GLP1 Receptor
Agonists (GLP1- RA) in
Youth with Type 2
Diabetes: Yasi Mohsenian

Use of Non-Insulin
Medications in Youth with
T2D: Mili Vakharia

Developing a Tracking Tool for Insulin Pump Prescriptions Among Children and Adolescents with Type 1 & Type 2 Diabetes: Amanda Perkins

Increasing Lipid Profile
Screening in Youth with
Type 2 Diabetes: Puja
Singh

Positive Interventions for High Risk Populations

Moderated by: Halis Akturk

Room 4 (LA-Scottsdale)

Implementation of the ASQ suicide risk screening in routine pediatric diabetes care: Risa Wolf

Family Centered Team Meetings for People with HbA1c >9%

for >12 months: Jeniece Ilkowitz

Insulin Cost and Rationing in the Pediatric Type 1 Diabetes Population: Lauren Waterman

ConnecT1D: Proactive
Outreach Intervention to
Improve Equitable Care for
Youth with Type 1 Diabetes:
Jennifer Kelly

ADEPT Agenda

Day 1: November 12, 2024

7:00 – 8:30 AM	Breakfast		
8:30 -8:45 AM	Opening Remarks Charles (Chuck) Henderson, American Diabetes Association		
8:45 – 9:00 AM	Dave Walton, T1D Exchange		
9:00-10:15 AM	Panel Discussion: Achieving Diabetes Equity; Are we there yet? Facilitated by Dr. Osagie Ebekozien		
	Potential Panelists: Terri Wiggins, SVP, Health Equity, ADA James Gavin, MD, MPH Monica Peek, MD, MPH Bryan Buckley, DrPH		
10:15-10:30 AM	Break		
	Breakout Session 1		
	Track 1 Moderator: Juan Espinoza, MD	Track 2 Moderator: Grazia Aleppo, MD	
10:35-10:55 AM	Topic: Using QI methodology to improve equity Speaker: Dr. Grace Nelson	Topic: Supporting underserved patients with T2D Speaker: Dr Sonya Haw	
10:55-11:15 AM	Topic: Incorporating health equity into routine improvement efforts. Speaker: Dr. Nana-Hawa Yayah Jones	Topic: Addressing stigma in diabetes and obesity Speaker: Matthew Garza	
11:15-11:35 AM	Topic: Improving Equity in T1D Technology Speaker: Dr. Ananta Addala	Topic: Supporting children with diabetes and obesity Speaker: Stephanie Sisley	
11:35-11:55 AM	Topic: Improving racial-ethnic equity of CGM uptake in pediatric patients Speaker: Dr. Kajal Gandhi	Topic: ADA Addressing inequities in diabetes obesity Speaker: Dr. Ihuoma Eneli	
12:00-1:00 PM	Lunch and Networking; Meet our Sponsors	•	

	Breakout Session 2		
	Track 1	Track 2	
1:05-1:25 PM	Moderator: Margarita Ochoa Maya, MD	Moderator: Manmohan Kamboj, MD	
1.00-1.201 M	Topic: Kyler Cares Kyle Banks	Topic: Screening for social determinants of health in adults with diabetes Speaker: Dr. Ruth Weinstock	
1:25-1:45 PM			
	Topic: Advancing Equity in a Large Urban Center	Topic: T1DX-QI Portal	
1:45-2:05 PM	Speaker: Dr. Selorm Dei-Tutu	Ann Mugnmode and Holly Hardison	
	Topic: Using "TechQuity" to reduce inequities in glycemic outcomes in children with T1D	Topic: Grandmothers to the Rescue - Healthy Outcomes through Peer Educators (HOPE)	
2:05-2:25 PM	Speaker: Dr. Jenise Wong	Speaker: Dr. Eva M. Vivian	
	Topic: Commercial Insurance Coverage and Diabetes Care Access Speaker: Christine Monahan	Topic: Diabetes Preventation in the Hispanic Community Speaker: Dr. Tainayah Whitney Thomas	
2:30-3:30 PM	Insights from Industry Partners Facilitator: Terri Wiggins, SVP, Health Equity, ADA Vertex: Eli Lilly:		
3:30-3:45 PM	Break		
3:45-4:45 PM	Screening and Prevention of Diabetes Panel Facilitator: Carla Demeterco-Berggren, MD, PhD		
	Breakthrough T1D- Anastasia Albanese O'Neil, PhD, APRN, CDCES Ralph Ruggiero, MD Shideh Majidi, MD		
4:45-6:00 PM	Networking Light refreshments to be served		

ADEPT Agenda

7:30 – 8:30 AM	Breakfast		
8:30-9:30 AM	Keynote Learning from our past and advancing towards the future		
	Breakout Session 3- 15-minute presentations followed by 5 minutes of Q&A and then at the end of the session, 10 minutes for panel discussion		
	Track 1	Track 2	
	Moderator: Viral Shah, MD	Moderator: Shideh Majidi, MD, MSCS	
9:35-9:55 AM	Topic: The role of community-based organizations (CBOs) in advancing health and wellness Speaker: Brandon Cleveland, Executive Director	Topic: Using digital health to support health equity in diabetes Speaker: Bola Bukoye	
9:55-10:15 AM	Topic: Implementing and sustaining QI projects to address T1D health equity Speaker: Dr. Shivani Agarwal	Topic: Advancements in digital health equity Dr. David Kerr	
10:15-10:35 AM	Topic: Achieving equity for Hispanic patients with T1D Dr. Janine Sanchez	Topic: Digital Health Inequities and Diabetes in Pregnancy Speaker: Dr. Farnoosh Farrohki	
10:35-10:55 AM	Topic: Supporting Health Equity Infrastructure Speaker: Dr. Carla Demeterco-Berggren	Topic: Project ECHO as a model to increase access to specialist Care Speaker: Dr. Ashly Walker	
11:00-12:00 PM	Topic: Psychosocial Care and Diabetes Panel Facilitator: Jenise Wong, MD Michael Harris, PhD		
12:00-12:30 PM	Topic: Equity Starts and Ends with Community Dr. Joshua Jospeh		
12:30-12:45 PM	Topic: Conference Closeout and Evaluation Dr. Osagie Ebekozien		



2024 Annual Center Survey

The 2024 Annual Center survey is now live. The PDF of the survey and link was shared with the PI's and coordinators for each center.



Thank you for participating in the 2024 T1DX-QI Center Practice Survey. Please have one individual fill out this survey for your center. It should take no longer than 25 minutes to complete.

Name of Center:

Name and email of person completing report:



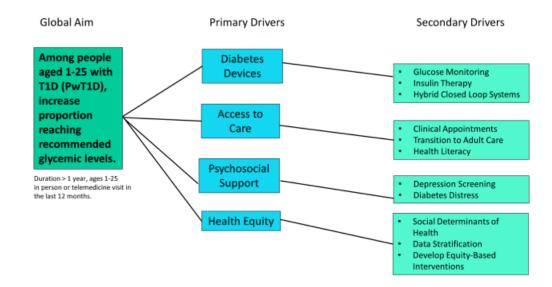
Please use this <u>link</u> or scan the QR code to submit no later than Friday October 18th.

Aim Statement for 2023-2025

Among people aged 1-25 with T1D (PwT1D), increase proportion reaching recommended glycemic levels.

- 1. Optimize glycemic outcomes as measured by HbA1C.
 - a. Increase % of people with HbA1c <7 by 5%.
 - b. Decrease % of people with HbA1c > 9 by 5%.
 - 2. Optimize glycemic outcomes as measured by TIR.
 - a) Increase % of people with Time in Range >70% by 5%.
 - b) Increase % of people with Time in Range >50% by 10%.
 - c) Decease % of people with Time below Range (<70 mmol/dL) <4% by 5%.

Kev Driver Diagram





Numerator:

- HbA1c
 - a. Number of PwT1D in (A) with HbA1c <7 (Most recent HbA1c)
 - b. Number of PwT1D in (A) with HbA1c > 9 (Most recent HbA1c)
 - c. Median HbA1c for all PwT1D
- Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM)²:
 - a. Number of PwT1D in (A) using CGM
 - Number of PwT1D in (A) using CGM at using at least 14 days, 70% of the time in the reporting month
 - c. Number of PwT1D in (3) with Time in Range (70-180 mg/dL) >50%
 - d. Number of PwT1D in (3) with Time in Range (70-180 mg/dL) >70%
 - e. Number of PwT1D in (3) with Time below Range (less than 70 mg/dL) <4%
- 3. Insulin Delivery: The number in (A) with evidence of:
 - a. Insulin delivery system use including:
 - i. Pumps
 - ii. Open Loop
 - iii. Closed loop/AID/HCL
 - b. AID/HCL
 - c. Smart or Connected Pen use
- 4. Depression Screening
 - a. Number in A (12 years and older) who have not had depression screening in the last 12 months.
 - b. Number in (5a) who have been screened for depression (PHQ-2, 4, 8or 9)
 - Number in (5b) that screened positive for depression (PHQ8/PHQ-9 score above 10)
 - d. Number in (5c) that received a behavioral health referral.
 - e. Number in (5d) who received referral and kept their behavioral health visit.
- Diabetes Ketoacidosis (DKA)⁴ Hospitalization: -Number in (A) with at least one DKA hospitalization in the last 12 months.
- Severe Hypoglycemia (SHE) Hospitalization: Number of patients A) with at least one SHE hospitalization in the last 12 months.
- Transition plan
 - a. Number of patients in (A) age 16 and older
 - b. Number of patients in (6a) with the documented transition plan in the last 12 months

- 8. Social Determinant of Health Screening
 - a. Food Insecurity: Number in (A) asked at least one of the questions below or similar questions.
 - Within the past 12 months we worried whether our food would run out before we got money to buy more."
 - Within the past 12 months the food we bought just didn't last and we didn't have money to get more."
 - i. Number in (6a) who answered Yes to 6a 1 or 2.
 - Number in (6ai) who received a referral for food resources

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Version 2.0 Last Updated: April 26, 2024

Jan 1, 2023-Dec 31, 2025, T1DX-QI Pediatric Quality Improvement Measures

Optional Measures. These elective measures should only be done after completing Measures 1-8

- Economics
 - a. Number in A who have been screened for financial needs: How hard is it for you to pay for the very basics like food, housing, medical care, and heating? [Sample Responses: Very hard, Hard, somewhat hard, not very hard, Not hard at all, Patient refused, Not asked]
 - b. The number in A for the reporting month who have been screenedfor medication affordability. Are you able to afford your medication?
 - i. Yes: 2. No
- Transportation
 - a. Number of A who have been screened for transportation needs. Inthe past 12 months, has lack of transportation kept you from medical appointments or from getting medication?
 - i. Yes; 2. No
 - b. In the past 12 months, has lack of transportation kept you from meetings, work orfrom getting things needed for daily life?
 - i. Yes; 2. No



1. 100, 4.110

11. Housing

- a. Number of (A) for the reporting month who have been screened forhousing needs. What is your housing situation today?
 - i. I have a steady place to live
 - I have a stead place to live today, but I am worried about it in the future
 - iii. I do not have a steady place to live (I am temporarily staying with others,in a hotel, in a shelter, living outside on the street, on a beach, in a car, abandoned building, bus or train station, or in a park)
 - iv. Unknown
- b. In the last 12 months, was there a time when you were not able to pay the mortgage or rent on time?
 - i. Yes 2. No
- Tobacco The number (A) seen in the reporting month who have been screened for tobacco use in the past year.
 - i. Never, ii. Current (within past month); iii. Past (ever); iv. Tried once
- 13. Number in (A) seen in the reporting month who have been screened for distress in the past year. Do you feel stressed tense, restless, nervous, or anxious, or unable to sleep at night because your mind is troubled all the time these days?
 - i. Not at all; ii Only a little; iii to some extent; iv Rather much; v Very much
- 14. Number in (A) seen in the reporting month who have been screened for isolation in the past year. Social: how often do you feel isolated from others?
 - i. Never, ii Rarely; iii Sometimes; iv Often; v Always

Health Equity Measures:

- 15. Number in (A) with at least one in person or virtual visit in the reporting month.
 - a. Number in (15A) by race and ethnicity.
 - 1. NH White
 - NH Black
 - Hispanic

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Jan 1, 2023-Dec 31, 2025, T1DX-QI Pediatric Quality Improvement Measures

- 1. Asian
- 2. Other
- 3. Not Reported
- Number in (15A) by insurance type.
 - Public
 - Private
 - Uninsured
 - 4. Other
- 16. Number in (A) who reported using insulin pump during the reporting month.
 - a. Number in (16A) by race and ethnicity.
 - 1. NH White
 - 2. NH Black
 - 3. Hispanic
 - 4. Asian
 - 5. Other
 - i. Not Reported
 - b. Number in (16A) by insurance type.
 - Public
 - Private
 - 3. Uninsured
 - 4. Other



- Number in (A) who were not on pump previously, were prescribed insulin pump in the reporting month.
 - Number (17A) by race and ethnicity.
 - NH White
 - 2. NH Black
 - 3. Hispanic
 - 4. Asian
 - 5. Other
 - 6. Not Reported
 - b. Number in (17A) by insurance type
 - 1. Public
 - 2. Private
 - 3. Uninsured
 - 4. Other

Screening and Monitoring:

- 18. Number in (A) wo have been screened for T1D antibodies.
- Number in (A) that have been screened and confirmed positive for antibodies (GAD65, Anti-IA2, Tyrosine Phosphatases IAS and IA 2β, ZNT8)
 - a. Number in (19A) confirmed for single autoantibody.
 - b. Number in (19A) confirmed for multiple antibodies.

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Jan 1, 2023-Dec 31, 2025, T1DX-QI Pediatric Quality Improvement Measures

- 20. Number in (A) who have multiple islet autoantibodies, normal blood glucose.
- Number in A who have multiple islet autoantibodies, abnormal glucose tolerance OR HbA1c 5.7-6.4%
 Number in (21A) offered Teplizumab prescription.
- 22. Number in (20A and 21A) with a scheduled endocrinologist.
- Number of individuals in (A) monitored for T1D diagnosis in last 12 months who have a DKA in reporting month

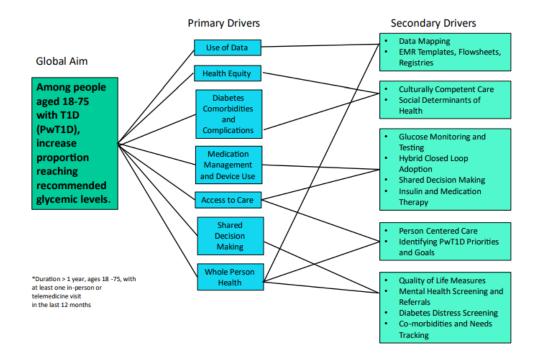


Aim Statement for 2023-2025

Among people aged 18-75 with T1D (PwT1D), increase proportion reaching recommended glycemic levels.

- 1. Optimize glycemic outcomes as measured by HbA1c.
 - a. Increase % of people with HbA1c <8 by 5%.
 - b. Decrease % of people with HbA1c > 9 by 5%.
 - c. Reduce Median HbA1c by 5%
- 2. Optimize glycemic outcomes as measured by TIR.
 - a. Increase % of people with Time in Range >70% by 5%.
 - b. Increase % people with Time in Range >50% by 10%.
 - c. Decrease % people with Time Below Range (<70mg/dL) by 5%

Key Driver Diagram





Denominator (A): People with type 1 diabetes (ages 18-75) with a minimum duration of diabetes ≥ 12 nuts with at least 1 HbA1c in the preceding 12 months, and a diabetes related visit (in person or virtual) in the reporting month.

Numerators:

- 1. HbA1c
 - a. Number of PwT1D in (A) with HbA1c <8% (Most recent HbA1c)
 - b. Number of PwT1D in (A) with HbA1c >9% (Most recent HbA1c)
 - c. Median HbA1c value for all PwT1D
- 2. Continuous Glucose Monitor (CGM)² Use: Number in (A) using CGM for at least 14 days, 70% of the time in the reporting month.
- 3. Ambulatory Glucose Profile (AGP): Number of patients in (2) with:
 - a. Time in Range (70-180 mg/dL) >50%
 - b. Time in Range (70-180 mg/dL) >70%
 - c. Time in Hypoglycemia (<70 mg/dL) <4%
 - d. Time in Severe Hypoglycemia (<54 mg/dL) < 1%
- 4. Insulin Delivery: The number in (A) with evidence of:
 - a. Insulin delivery system use including:
 - 1. Pumps
 - Open Loop
 - 3. Closed loop/AID/HCL
 - b. AID/HCL
 - c. Smart or Connected Pen use
- Depression Screening
 - a. Number in A who have been screened for depression (PHQ-2, 4, 8or 9) in the last 12
 - b. Number in (5a) that screened positive for depression (PHQ8/PHQ-9 scoreabove 10)
 - c. Number in (5b) that received a behavioral health referral.
 - d. Number in (5c) who received referral and kept their behavioral health visit.
- Social Determinant of Health Screening
 - a. Food Insecurity: Number in (A) asked at least one of the questions below or similar questions.
 - 1. Within the past 12 months we worried whether our food would run out before we got money to buy more."
 - 2. Within the past 12 months the food we bought just didn't last and we didn't have money to get more."
 - Number in (6a) who answered Yes to 6a 1 or 2.
 - Number in (6a i) who received a referral for food resources.

- 7. Diabetes Ketoacidosis (DKA)⁴ Hospitalization: -Number in (A) with at least one DKA hospitalization in the last 12 months.
- 8. Severe Hypoglycemia (SHE) Hospitalization: Number of patients A) with at least one SHE hospitalization in the last 12 months.

Optional Measures. These elective measures should only be done after completing measures 1-8

- 9. Economics
- a. Number in A who have been screened for financial needs: How hard is it for you to pay for the very 2 | Page

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Jan 1, 2023-Dec 31, 2025, T1DX-QI Adult Quality Improvement Measures

basics like food, housing, medical care, and heating? [Sample Responses: Very hard, Hard, somewhat hard, not very hard, not hard at all, Patient refused, Not asked]

- b. The number in A for the reporting month who have been screenedfor medication affordability. Are you able to afford your medication?
 - 1. Yes: 2. No
- 10. Transportation
 - a. Number of A who have been screened for transportation needs. Inthe past 12 months, has lack of transportation kept you from medical appointments or from getting medication?
 - 1. Yes: 2. No
 - b. In the past 12 months, has lack of transportation kept you from meetings, work or from getting things needed for daily life?
 - 1. Yes; 2. No
- 11. Housing



11. Housing

- a. Number of (A) for the reporting month who have been screened forhousing needs. What is your housing situation today?
 - 1. I have a steady place to live
 - 2. I have a stead place to live today, but I am worried about it in the future
 - I do not have a steady place to live (I am temporarily staying with others, in a hotel, in a shelter, living outside on the street, on a beach, in a car, abandoned building, bus or train station, or in a park)
 - 4. Unknown
- b. In the last 12 months, was there a time when you were not able to pay the mortgage or rent on time?
 - Yes 2. No
- 12. Foot Exam: Number of patients in (A) who received a foot exam (visual inspection with either a sensory exam or pulse exam) in the last 12 months.
- 13. Eye Exam: Number of patients in (A) who received a retinal or dilated eye exam during the measurement year or a negative retinal or dilated eye exam in last 12 months.
- 14. Missing Appointments: Number of patients in (A) who have not been seen within the last 180 days based on days between visits and care.
- Angiotensin-Converting Enzyme) Inhibitors and Angiotensin Receptor Blockers (ACE-I/ARB) prescription
 - a. Number of patients in (A) with a diagnosis of hypertension or blood pressure <140/90 mmHg
 - a. Number of patients in (12a) who prescribed ACE-I or ARBs in the measurement year are
- 16. Statin prescription
 - a. Number of patients in (A) with hyperlipidemia or an LDL >130 mg/dL
 - b. Number of patients in (13a) who are prescribed a statin for cholesterol in the last 12 months.
- 17. Tobacco The number (A) seen in the reporting month who have been screened fortobacco use in the past year.
 - i. Never; ii. Current (within past month); iii. Past (ever); iv. Tried once.

18. Number in (A) seen in the reporting month who have been screened for distress in thepast year.
Do you feel stressed – tense, restless, nervous, or anxious, or unable to sleep at night because

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Jan 1, 2023-Dec 31, 2025, T1DX-QI Adult Quality Improvement Measures

your mind is troubled all the time – these days?

- i. Not at all; ii Only a little; iii to some extent; iv Rather much; v Very much
- 19. Number in (A) seen in the reporting month who have been screened for isolation in thepast year. Social: how often do you feel isolated from others?
 - 1. Never, ii Rarely; iii Sometimes; iv Often; v Always

Health Equity Measures:

- 20. Number in (A) with at least one in person or virtual visit in the reporting month.
 - a. Number in (20A) by race and ethnicity.
 - 1. NH White
 - 1. NH Black
 - 2. Hispanic
 - 3. Asian
 - 4. Other
 - Not Reported
 - b. Number in (20A) by insurance type.
 - 1. Public
 - 2. Private
 - 3. Uninsured
 - 4. Other



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- 21. Number in (A) who reported using insulin pump during the reporting month.
 - a. Number in (21A) by race and ethnicity.
 - NH White
 - NH Black
 - 3. Hispanic
 - 4. Asian
 - 5. Other
 - Not Reported
 - b. Number in (21A) by insurance type.
 - Public
 - 2. Private
 - Uninsured
 - 4. Other
- 22. Number in (A) who were not on pump previously, were prescribed insulin pump in the reporting
 - a. Number (22A) by race and ethnicity.
 - 1. NH White
 - 2. NH Black
 - 3. Hispanic
 - 4. Asian
 - 5. Other

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Jan 1, 2023-Dec 31, 2025, T1DX-QI Adult Quality Improvement Measures

- 6. Not Reported
- b. Number in (22A) by insurance type.
 - 1. Public
 - Private
 - 3. Uninsured
 - 4. Other

