## Diabetes Distress Call, Wednesday June 21, 2023

Adult		Pediatric
1.	Boston Medical Center: Devin	1. Seattle Children's: Alissa Roberts
	Steenkamp, Liz Brouillard	
2.	OHSU: Caleb Schmid	2. University Wisconsin (invited but not on call) Liz Mann
		3.University of Alabama: Mary Scott
		4.Indiana: Tammy Hanon
		5.Nationwide Children's: Manu Kamboj, Heather Yardley,
		Don Buckingham
		6.University of Michigan (invited but not on call) Joyce
		Lee

T1DX team: Nicole Rioles, Emma Ospelt, Ann Mungmode, Don Buckingham, and Margaret Gillis

## **Discussion topics:**

- Representation on the workgroup
  - Two adult centers and six pediatric. Recognition that, perhaps, intervention design has a peds focus to meet the needs of the group
- Scales available
  - DDS (the "original.") 17 item screener. Validated instrument for T1D or T2D adults ages
    19 and older
  - o T1-DDS. 28 item screener. Validated instrument for T1D adults ages 19 and older
  - o T2-DDAS. 29 item screener. Validated instrument for T1D adults ages 19 and older
  - o PAID-11. 11 item screener. Validated in adults.
  - o PAID (original) 20 item screener.
  - (PAID-T) Problem Areas in Diabetes-Teen. 14 item screener. Validated as reliable in 2018 for youth ages 12-18.
- Scales being used
  - o PAID-T: Seattle, Nationwide
  - o DDS: Boston Medical, OHSU to begin using this fall. OHSU using PHQ-2 now.
- Scales feedback
  - o DDS is broader than PAID
  - Clinics said that they will continue using PHQ scales for depression and do distress scales separately (separate needs and uses)
- Goals and challenges in practice for screening & follow up
  - Happening now
    - Some centers are starting with paper with hopes of incorporating into EMR later
    - UAB is working with younger kids with distress with social workers
    - Nationwide: education on distress to start

Commented [NR1]: Shapiro JB, Vesco AT, Weil LEG, Evans MA, Hood KK, Weissberg-Benchell J. Psychometric Properties of the Problem Areas in Diabetes: Teen and Parent of Teen Versions. J Pediatr Psychol. 2018 Jun 1;43(5):561-571. doi: 10.1093/jpepsy/jsx146. PMID: 29267939; PMCID: PMC6454555.

- BMC is using DDS. Found PHQ-9 (suicide ideation question) challenging because there is a lack of resources to refer people who are in need to mental health resources in real time.
- OHSU working with Larry Fisher now and planning to implement DDS.
- Goals: Try to validate PAID-T for the 8–12-year-old population. This is important research since not done yet.
- Next meeting: Mary Scott will present

Resources/scales discussed during call:

https://aci.health.nsw.gov.au/ data/assets/pdf file/0007/632860/Problem-Areas-In-Diabetes-PAID-Scale.pdf (pfd link conveniently includes PAID, HFS-II W, PHQ-Q, GAD-7)

T1-DDS validated 19+:

https://diabetesdistress.org/t1-dds-intro?

Validation of the type 1 diabetes distress scale (T1-DDS) in a large Danish cohort: Content validation and psychometric properties - PMC (nih.gov)

PAID-11

PAID-11: A brief measure of diabetes distress validated in adults with type 1 diabetes - ScienceDirect

-cut off score of >= 18 indicates high DD

## Pediatrics (validated in ages 12-18):

Group discusses using this scale for patients who are 8-12 years old to validate it for a cohort younger than the (12-18)

14- item PAID-T

<u>Psychometric Properties of the Problem Areas in Diabetes: Teen and Parent of Teen Versions - PubMed</u> (nih.gov)

-cut off score of >= 44 indicates high DD

Note: page 19 of this article has a helpful summary of scales:

https://discovery.ucl.ac.uk/id/eprint/1559259/1/Hamilton Authors%20last%20copy%20Manuscript.pdf